Na	nmePeriodDate
	WWII Notes - 1
	Dictators Threaten World Peace
1.	In Europe, the economically fueled revolutions helped fuel the rise ofand
2.	Failures of the Treaty of caused and among countries, especially toward the country of
3.	Many of the new nations formed following WWI had no democratic traditions to follow. As a result, many of these new nations and turned toward leaders to solve their problems.
4.	The Soviet Union's leader, or "man of steel," turned his nation from a rural country into a power.
5.	The Soviet Union had a type government, which gave all the power to the dictator.
6.	The Italian dictator, also known as "" led

a \_\_\_\_\_\_ government.

party, which believed in extreme nationalism.

7. One goal of the Italian dictator was to restore Italy's power by creating a New

8. Italy invaded \_\_\_\_\_ in 1935 in attempt to restore its power.

9. Germany's leader \_\_\_\_\_ was a member of the \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ (two words).

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10.	_ . In order to create Third German Empire or, Germans believed that
	National Expansion would be necessary. Essentially, German's needed more living space or
11.	In 1935, Germany invaded the demilitarized portion of Western Germany known as the
12.	was the militaristic leader ofwhich
	invaded the resource rich region of in 1931.
13.	The fascist leader gained power in Spain as the result of a bloody
	Civil War.
14.	. Wanting to stay out of war, the US maintained a policy of, abstaining
	from involvement in world affairs.
15.	Outraged during World War I, many Americans felt that the US entered the war because of
16.	. To make Americans happy and to avoid war, Congress passed the
	Acts (1935), which outlawed arms sales and loans to counties at war.
17.	. Avoiding the neutrality in 1937, the US began shipping weapons and supplies to
	in an effort to halt the Japanese invasion.